BioNumerics[®]

RELEASE NOTE

ENTEROBACTER CLOACAE COMPLEX

for whole genome sequence typing

We are delighted to announce a schema for true whole-genome multi-locus sequence typing (wgMLST) of the Enterobacter cloacae complex in BioNumerics. The schema brings easy and highly discriminatory detection of subtype- or outbreak-specific markers from whole genome sequencing data to your fingertips.

What is the schema exactly?

Using a selection of 846 annotated, publicly available reference genomes capturing the known diversity within the *Enterobacter cloacae* complex, a pangenomic schema with high discriminatory power was developed. Starting from the reference genomes, our in-house developed schema creation procedure uses a sampling-based

How will it help you?

The schema has high discriminatory power and allows for the detection of markers specific for subtypes or outbreaks, thus enabling powerful classification more and outbreak definition tools. Together BioNumerics with and our powerful cloud based Calculation Engine, it completes a high-throughput environment that enables a faster and a lot more straightforward analysis of whole genome sequencing data for the Enterobacter cloacae complex.

multi-reciprocal BLAST procedure to determine those sets of alleles that make up the stable loci in the pan-genome. A per-locus allele assessment procedure then determines the central prototype allele, and thus the definition of the locus. In this way, a total of 15,605 wgMLST loci were added to the schema. These loci were complemented with 7 loci of the traditional MLST schema.⁽¹⁾

The Calculation Engine's qualitycontrolled de novo assembly possibilities allow you to easily assemble whole genome sequencing data without the need of local computing power. Moreover, the two allele detection procedures (assemblybased and assembly free) allow you to perform fast and reliable allele calling for e.g. cluster detection which can be combined with whole genome SNP analysis to obtain the utmost resolution within your sample comparisons.

References:

(1) Miyoshi-Akiyama, T., Hayakawa, K., Ohmagari, N., Shimojima, M., & Kirikae, T. (2013). Multilocus sequence typing (MLST) for characterization of Enterobacter cloacae. PLoS One, 8(6), e66358. The whole-genome multilocus sequence typing schema for Enterobacter cloacae complex has been tested, validated and approved by our microbiologists. They took great care to create an analysis procedure that minimizes sample artifacts, while maintaining an enormous discriminatory power.

With turnaround times of less than 30 minutes per sample and simultaneously processing of many samples, the power of highperformance computing is brought to your desktop with only a few clicks.

Interested?

Request a calculation engine project today to get started:



